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WEATHER
Page 9 CLOUDY

PRICE 2 CENTS

FRESH OUTBREAK OF CATTLE DISEASE

Winchester Reports Foot-and-Mouth Infection, and Government Extends Precautions.

NO CHANGE IN HENRICO

Federal Authorities Quarantine Entire County as to Outgoing Shipments Only.

Following advice received by State Veterinarian J. G. Ferneyhough yesterday afternoon of the outbreak of the foot-and-mouth disease on two dairy farms near Winchester, orders were issued by Governor Stuart cautioning all sheriffs and Commonwealth's attorneys to prevent herds being driven into Virginia across the border from quarantined States. The order will also prevent cattle from quarantined States, passing through non-quarantined States, from coming into Virginia. The Shenandoah Valley cattleman affected are Rosser Campbell and E. M. Miller.

Mr. Ferneyhough was notified of the outbreak at Winchester by Dr. R. W. Miller, veterinary surgeon, and the latter was immediately ordered by telegram to take charge of the infected district in the Shenandoah Valley. Dr. Adolph Eichhorn, of the Bureau of Animal Industry, was sent, with an assistant, from Washington, and the Federal and State authorities will cooperate in attempting to wipe out the plague near Winchester. Both infected herds will be slaughtered, and the slaughterhouses and stockyards of the Cumberland Valley Railroad are quarantined and disinfected. The surrounding territory will be placed under a strict quarantine, as is being done in Henrico County.

BROUGHT TO WINCHESTER FROM MARTINSBURG, W. VA.

The disease was brought to Winchester by cattle brought in a day or two from Martinsburg, W. Va., where the pestilence has since been placed under restriction. The cattle were driven across the border, and it was for that reason that the Governor issued orders for extraordinary precautions to be taken by all county officers.

All railroads entering the State, except the Chesapeake and Ohio, the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railway Company, the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company, the Southern Railway and the Washington Southern Railway Company, have been enjoined by Judge J. Carter Scott from bringing cattle and stock feed into the State from restricted areas.

Henrico County has been quarantined by the Federal government. The patrol lines will not be extended, but no cattle will, under the Federal embargo, be permitted to be exported from the county. The situation, with the outbreak at Winchester, is regarded as exceedingly grave, and fear is expressed that the Federal quarantine will be extended to the whole State.

NO FRESH OUTBREAK IN HENRICO COUNTY

In Henrico County there has been no fresh outbreak of the disease, and Dr. Ferneyhough feels some relief. He was joined yesterday by Dr. T. M. Owen, of Norfolk, of the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry. J. Thompson Brown, president of the Live Stock Sanitary Board, is here, and is lending every assistance in stamping out the plague. Mr. Brown referred in the most complimentary terms last night to the co-operation which the Miller Brothers are rendering to the authorities. "They are taking the blow philosophically," said Mr. Brown, "and they have given us all the assistance in their power."

Appraisal of the Miller Brothers' herd was completed yesterday by Professor W. D. Saunders. It will probably be less than the intrinsic value of the herd, because it had not recently been subjected to the tuberculin test. The loss in business cannot be covered, for Miller Brothers may not restock until the expiration of ninety days, and during that time will lose all their present trade.

The slaughtering of the Miller herd was again postponed yesterday, because of the refusal of the authorities to accept a trench which had already been dug, and the necessity of digging two more. The slaughter will begin this morning at 7:30 o'clock, and it is expected that the last of the herd will have been killed and buried by noon.

AFFECTED ANIMALS WILL BE SLAUGHTERED TO-DAY

Two trenches, each 500 feet long, six feet wide and seven feet deep, are being dug, and a wire fence from barns to the trenches has been erected, so that the cattle may be more easily led to their death. As each animal reaches the trench it will be shot and tumbled into the pit. A prize bull, imported from Switzerland, valued at \$300, will be killed in the barnyards, to avoid the difficulty of leading him to the trench. The herd includes also a Swiss cow and four calves, which were born since the disease appeared. In all, there are 274 cattle which must be killed.

Eighteen hogs have already been killed. All chickens on the place have been fumigated and housed. All dogs on the farm have been housed, and all but two pigeons which once had a home about the barn have been shot. The work has been thorough. No living animal will be allowed to go upon or leave the farm, and every employee must remain on the place unless he have express permission to leave. Veterinary surgeons and other officials and deputy constabulary are fumigated before they are permitted to leave the farm.

Dr. Ferneyhough said last night that dairymen should communicate with him or with authorities of the Bureau of Animal Industry at the first indication of disease, and that private veterinary surgeons, unless acting under orders and with the cognizance of the State and Federal departments, should

LONG WAIT FOR LABOR

Wage Increase Far in Future Under Present Conditions.

CHICAGO, March 3.—Alleged watered stock in railroad companies occupied the attention of the board of arbitration in the Western railroad wage case to-day.

W. J. Lauck, a statistician, stated that \$11,276,495 in dividends on watered stock were paid by ten representative Western railroad systems in 1913, or about \$2,000,000 more than enough to have advanced the pay of the engineers and firemen seeking higher wages by 25 per cent.

James M. Sheehan, attorney for the railroads, took exception to the methods by which Mr. Lauck calculated the so-called "over-capitalization." He asked questions to bring out that Lauck had taken no account of immense early investments on which no returns were received for many years. Mr. Lauck said the purpose of his testimony was to show that the practice of railroads of capitalizing the debts, their actual value and their future hopes, formed a lien on the revenues which would compel labor to wait for ever for wage advances if these were to come only when dividends became too large.

GERMAN RESERVIST THIEF

Confesses That He Stole \$5,000 in Order to Rejoin Army.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, March 3.—Confessing that he stole more than \$5,000 in order to be able to cross to the Fatherland and join the German army, Max Brandt, thirty-three, a German reservist, told the police to-day he had "blown" about \$500 of the money and had buried the rest in the swamps beyond Jersey City. A detachment of police armed with picks and spades will dig in the swamps looking for the treasure.

MAYOR LOSES HIS "GOAT"

Taxpayer Angers Him With Statement That City Is Going Broke.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, March 3.—Dr. J. J. P. McLaughlin, representing a group of taxpayers with a complaint, Mayor Mitchell's "goat," and tethered it up to-day, when he declared the city was going bankrupt. "Stop that ridiculous talk," the Mayor exploded. "If you exercised ordinary intelligence, reading of the newspapers would convince you such is not the case."

SAMUEL L. ROGERS NAMED

North Carolinian Chosen by Wilson for Director of Census.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Samuel L. Rogers, of Franklin, N. C., to be Director of the Census to succeed William J. Harris, of Cedarpoint, Ga., who was confirmed by the Senate last night as a member of the new Federal Trade Commission.

GOLD SHIPMENT SHORT

Secret Service Agents Believe \$2,400,000 Stolen on Other Side.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, March 3.—The \$20,000,000 consignment of gold brought here on the liner New York from Liverpool to-day was declared to be \$2,400,000 short. Secret service agents believe the money was stolen on the other side.

LONG FALL; STILL LIVES

Workman Drops Twelve Stories and May Recover.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, March 3.—Despite the fact that he was blown from the roof of a skyscraper on which he was working, to the ground, a plunge of twelve stories, Charles Geisberg, twenty-three, is still alive to-day and may recover.

FIRST THOUGHT IS FOR HORSE

Starving Man, Rescued, Is Mindful of His Hungry Beast.

NEWTON, N. J., March 3.—Ill, starving, James Shotwell, aged seventy-five, crawled a mile and a half for aid, and then collapsed in the road here to-day. Revived, his first words were "My horse is starving, too."

END COMES PEACEFULLY TO SHIP-PURCHASE BILL

Vehicle for Greatest Filibuster Congress Ever Has Seen Dies Without Struggle.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—By unanimous vote, the Senate late to-night adopted with amendments a substitute for the joint resolution passed earlier in the House, enlarging the power of the President to prevent infringements of American neutrality by vessels leaving ports of the United States with men or supplies for belligerent warships.

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Congress Passes Resolution to Assist in Preserving This Country's Neutrality.

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Wants to Be Present as Part of Occupation Force When Constantinople Falls.

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LOSSES OF GERMANIC ARMIES VERY HEAVY

No estimates have been published of losses sustained by the Germanic armies in their efforts to break through the Russian lines at these places, but they are believed to have been very large, as the Russian positions were almost impregnable.

In the Austrians' attempt to outflank the Russians in Eastern Galicia, two Russian official reports have announced that the Austrians suffered a severe reverse, and that yesterday they lost in prisoners more than 5,000 men. The Russians captured also a number of guns and much transport material.

On the other extreme wing, in North Poland, the Germans either have assumed the defensive or are retiring, except at Osovetz, where they continue to bombard the fortress. Berlin reports unofficially that here the Germans have silenced two forts. Their attempt to approach the city, however, has been repulsed.

The Germans, while claiming success near Augustow, where they captured 1,500 prisoners, admit they have withdrawn their advance guards south of Mysyniec, and that the Russians have been feeling their way to the north-west of Przemysl.

The fact seems to be that the Russians are advancing slowly along the whole northern line. They have reinforced their armies at every threat.

GERMAN FORCES ARE SLAUGHTERED IN DESPERATE DRIVES ON RUSSIAN

Detectives "Nip" Anarchist Plot of Murder and Destruction



Frank Abarno & Charles Carbone

PHOTOS BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD—N. Y.

Left to Right - Detectives Patrick Walsh, Jerome Murphy, Jim Starrett

POLICE "FRAMED" IT UP, IS CRY OF ANARCHISTS

Admit Their Guilt, but Say They Were "Cooked" by Detective Polignani.

BITTERNESS IS UNBOUNDED

Commissioner Woods Regards It as Attitude of Men Who Are in Last Ditch and Escape Cut Off—Held in Default of \$25,000 Bail.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, March 3.—The Frank Abarno and Charles Carbone, the anarchists who plotted to blow up St. Patrick's Cathedral early Tuesday morning, to-day sent out a cry from the Tombs that they are being "framed" by the police.

"We helped to make the bomb," cried Abarno, nodding assent, "but Polignani, the detective, bought all the materials. He suggested the church. We would not have thought of it if he had not urged us on."

Indicted by the grand jury, and facing sentences of a quarter of a century each, the two youths lay their downfall directly at the door of Polignani, the young sleuth, who, they declare, was their guide and inspiration, and directed every step they took.

DECLARE POLIGNANI SHOULD GET DOUBLE THEIR TERM

"We are cooked," declared Abarno to a reporter, "but if we get twenty-five years for it, Polignani ought to get fifty. He led us on."

When Police Commissioner Woods was informed of the serious charge made by the men he replied: "That was the natural thing for them to say, wasn't it? That's the last ditch for a man caught where he can't get out of it, to try to pass the blame on to somebody else."

The commissioner was asked if it might not be possible that, in his zeal, Polignani had gone too far in leading the anarchists along.

"How far this man went is a matter for the judge and jury to decide," was his reply. "But you may be sure that he did not do anything improper. We have daily records from him, and we know. He was there as an observer to get evidence, and he had a part in everything they did. But he was not an accelerator."

Both the police commissioner and Inspector Paurot declared to-day that the work of driving out the anarchists is to go vigorously forward.

"These men and these bombs are not the only ones," said Mr. Woods. "As I have said, so far as this particular

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

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A joint resolution enlarging the power of the President to deal with vessels suspected of violating neutrality by making the ports of the United States bases of naval operations, was passed to-night by the House. It would authorize the refusal of clearance, except under heavy bond, to American ships suspected of loading men or supplies for belligerent warships, and the internment of foreign merchantmen engaging in such traffic.

The resolution was drafted by officials of the Department of Justice and the State Department, but, owing to a misunderstanding as to its language, President Wilson asked for a conference with members of the Foreign Relations Committee before it was taken up by the Senate. Both Democratic and Republican members of the committee went to the White House at 10 o'clock to-night for the conference.

In the House the measure was put through promptly.

STATE DEPARTMENT APPROVES RESOLUTION

The resolution was pressed by Democratic Leader Underwood and Republican Leader Underwood. It was put through after Mr. Underwood had presented a letter from Robert Lansing, counselor of the State Department, saying that the government had been hindered by lack of sufficient legislation to prevent vessels from leaving American ports with coal and supplies for warships.

"The Department of State heartily supports the proposed resolution," the letter continued, "and I desire to em-

(Continued on Second Page.)

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(Continued on Second Page.)

MASSSED ATTACKS FAIL TO SHATTER DEFENDING LINE

Thrown Back From Almost Impregnable Positions Everywhere.

TEUTONIC ALLIES COMPELLED AGAIN TO TAKE DEFENSIVE

Quiet on Western Front, Except for French Offensive in Champagne District.

STILL POUNDING DARDANELLES

Franco-British Fleet Now Is Bombarding Shells Into Gulf of Saros.

Fleet Bombardment Again in Full Swing

THE bombardment of the Dardanelles by French and British warships, suspended temporarily by storms, again seems to be in full swing. Reports of the progress of the bombardment come from various sources, and the British admiral has issued a summary showing the thirty-four Turkish guns have been demolished at the entrance of the strait. This report also describes briefly the operations of the fleet on Monday and Tuesday, and says that mine sweepers have completed their work within a short distance of Cape Kepez, ten or fifteen miles up the strait.

A Russian cruiser has joined the fleet, and four French battleships were shelling Turkish positions of Bulair, near the entrance to the Sea of Marmora, across the Gallipoli Peninsula.

A Constantinople dispatch says that more than forty big ships, many small cruisers, torpedo boats and destroyers are lying off the Dardanelles or engaged in the operations, and that the forts are completely outranged. A strong Turkish army, however, has been concentrated in the shore defenses.

Russian officials continue to send out statements regarding her progress in North Poland, and the Carpathians. With respect to these operations, German headquarters is saying little, but the Austrian War Office claims just as many successes in the Carpathians as does the Russians.

The French assert the allies are making considerable progress in the Champagne region, in France, and in a supplementary official statement declares French troops have gained indisputable ascendancy in the Argonne region, and are now the aggressors all along the line.

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Yesterday, according to the Russian official account, the Austrians delivered furious but unsuccessful attacks between the San and Ordawa Rivers, while the Germans made fruitless attempts around Kozlowka and Rojanka. At Rojanka they lost two companies, which were surrounded and annihilated.

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RICHMOND SPRING FASHION SHOW



MARCH 9-10 & 11, 1915

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